

Don Davis Voted Against Funding For Veterans' Healthcare That Prohibited Taxpayer Dollars Being Spent On Sex Change Surgeries. He Has Taken \$9,000 From A Political Group That Pushes Hormone Treatments For Kids And Advocates For Biological Men In Girls' Sports.

Davis Voted Against The 2026 Military Construction And Veterans Affairs Appropriations Bill, Which Banned The Use Of Taxpayer Funds For Sex Change Surgeries And Provided Almost \$500 Million For Military Construction And Housing

On June 25, 2025, Don Davis Voted Against H.R.3944, The Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, And Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2026. “This bill provides FY2026 appropriations to several federal departments and agencies for activities and programs related to military construction, veterans, agriculture, and the legislative branch. Specifically, the bill includes 3 of the 12 regular FY2026 appropriations bills: the Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2026; the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2026; and the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2026. The departments, agencies, and activities funded in the bill include Department of Defense military construction and family housing activities, the Department of Veterans Affairs, the Department of Agriculture, the Food and Drug Administration, the Senate, various agencies that support Congress, and several related and independent agencies. (Pursuant to the longstanding practice of each chamber of Congress determining its own requirements, funds for the House of Representatives are not included in the Senate bill.) The bill also sets forth requirements and restrictions for using funds provided by this and other appropriations acts.” (H.R. 3944, [Roll Call #182](#), Passed 218-206; R: 216-O, D: 2-206; Davis Voted Nay, 6/25/25)

H.R.3944 Banned The Use Of VA Funds For Sex Change Surgeries. “And the House-passed fiscal 2026 Military Construction-VA bill, which affects care for millions of veterans, would bar use of funds in the bill to obtain ‘surgical procedures or hormone therapies for the purposes of gender-affirming care.’” (John M. Donnelly, “Battle over transgender troops reignites on Capitol Hill,” [Roll Call](#), 7/24/25)

H.R.3944 Provided Almost \$5 Billion More To The VA And Nearly \$500 Million More For Military Construction And Family Housing Projects. “The bill provides \$152 billion in overall discretionary spending, most of which goes to the VA — just under a \$5 billion increase from the current year. ... For the Pentagon, the bill allocates \$18 billion for military construction and family housing projects, \$480 million more than the current year.” (Connor O'Brien, “House narrowly passes military construction, veterans funding bill,” [Politico](#), 6/25/25)

Despite Not Being A Member Of The Equality Caucus, Davis Has Accepted Thousands In Support From Their PAC “Equality PAC”

Since 2022, Davis Has Accepted \$9,000.00 From Equality PAC. (Receipts, [Federal Election Commission](#), Accessed 7/29/26)

Date	Contributor	Recipient	Amount
9/5/24	EQUALITY PAC	DON DAVIS FOR NC	\$3,000.00
11/29/23	EQUALITY PAC	DON DAVIS FOR NC	\$2,000.00
11/8/22	EQUALITY PAC	DON DAVIS FOR NC	\$2,000.00
9/15/22	EQUALITY PAC	DON DAVIS FOR NC	\$1,000.00
7/15/22	EQUALITY PAC	DON DAVIS FOR NC	\$1,000.00
9/17/24	EQUALITY PAC	DON DAVIS FOR NC	\$3,000.00
Total: \$9,000.00			

(Receipts, [Federal Election Commission](#), Accessed 7/29/26)

Equality PAC Supports Biological Men Competing In Women's Sports

The Equality PAC Supports Biological Males In Women's Sports. “The trans community across the United States deserves dignity and respect. This discriminatory law does the opposite. It tells trans youth, who already struggle with significant mental health challenges, that they don't belong.” (Equality PAC, [X](#), 4/21/23)



(Equality PAC, [X](#), 4/21/23)

In March 2024, The Congressional Equality Caucus Condemned The Passage Of H.R.7187 Out Of Committee. “-WASHINGTON, DC – Today, the Congressional Equality Caucus released the following statement after Republicans on the House Committee on the Judiciary reported H.R. 7187, a new transgender athlete ban, favorably out of committee: “Once again, House Republicans are attacking trans people,” said Rep. Mark Pocan (WI-02), Chair of the Congressional Equality Caucus. ‘Republicans already voted to ban trans women and girls from participating in school sports last year, and now they want to limit trans Americans’ rights further by banning them from playing sports in a wide range of settings. Transgender people deserve to participate in all parts of society, including athletics. Republicans need to stop their obsession with attacking transgender people and tackle the actual problems Americans face.’ ‘HR 7181 is a hate bill. Period’ said Rep. Becca Balint (VT-AL), Co-Chair of the Congressional Equality Caucus and a member of the House Judiciary Committee. ‘Time and time again, Republicans hide behind promoting women and girls in sports. But these continued attacks have real consequences. The countless anti LGBTQIA+ attacks from Republicans only stand to incite violence and ultimately remove trans people from public life. But I want trans girls and women to know: you deserve to participate and thrive in the sports you love.’” (“Equality Caucus Condemns Republicans’ New Federal Ban on Transgender Athletes,” [Congressional Equality Caucus](#), 3/21/24)

- **H.R.7187 Would Have Banned Biological Men From Competing In Women's Sports.** “**SEC. 2. Eligibility requirements.** “(a) Definition.—Section 220501(b) of title 36, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: ‘(13) ‘female’ means an individual who has, had, will have—or would have, but for a developmental or genetic anomaly or historical accident—the reproductive system that at some point produces, transports, and utilizes eggs for fertilization. ‘(14) ‘male’ means an individual who has, had, will have—or would have, but for a developmental or genetic anomaly or historical accident—the reproductive system that at some point produces, transports, and utilizes sperm for fertilization. ‘(15) ‘sex’ means an individual’s biological sex, either male or female.’ (b) Eligibility.—Section 220522 of title 36, United States Code, is amended— (1) in paragraph (18), by striking ‘and’ at the end; (2) in paragraph (19), by striking the period and inserting ‘; and’; and (3) by adding at the end the following: ‘(20) prohibits a person whose sex is male from participating in an amateur athletic competition that is designated for females, women, or girls.’” ([H.R.7187](#), Introduced 2/1/24)

Equality PAC Supports Gender Affirming Care, And Hormone Drugs For Kids

The Equality PAC Opposed The Missouri Attorney General Calling For The Halting To Drug Care For Trans Youth. “The government has no place in someone’s doctor’s office, and that applies to health care for trans youth as well. Trans people just want to exist. Let them.” (Equality PAC, [X](#), 2/14/23)



(Equality PAC, [X](#), 2/14/23)

The Equality PAC Celebrated Arkansas Governor Asa Hutchinson For Vetoing A Bill That Would Have Banned Trans Kids From Accessing “Gender-Affirming Care.” “VICTORY: Arkansas Governor @AsaHutchinson has vetoed a bill that would have banned trans children from being able to access gender-affirming health care. This is a major win for the #LGBTQ community. Thank you to all the activists that made this possible!” (Equality PAC, [X](#), 4/5/21)



(Equality PAC, [X](#), 4/5/21)

According To The Human Rights Campaign, “Gender-Affirming Care” Includes Medical Care. “Gender-affirming care, sometimes referred to as transition-related care, is life-saving healthcare for transgender people of all ages. It is not a single category of services but instead is a range of services, including mental health care, medical care, and social services. At all ages, clear, well-established, evidence-based standards of care exist for who can access what form of gender affirming care, and when they are eligible to receive it.” (“Get The Facts On Gender-Affirming Care,” [Human Rights Campaign](#), Accessed: 3/30/24)

On The Human Rights Campaign’s Resource On “Gender-Affirming Care” They List Puberty Blockers, Which Delay Puberty, As A Form Of Such Care. (“Get The Facts On Gender-Affirming Care,” [Human Rights Campaign](#), Accessed: 3/30/24)

What are puberty blockers? Why are they used? Are they safe?

"Puberty blockers" (or simply "blockers") are a type of medication which can temporarily [pause puberty](#) and are fully reversible.

For transgender and non-binary youth who are aware of their gender at a young age, going through puberty can [cause intense distress and dysphoria](#), as it leads their body to develop into a gender that is not theirs — including in ways that are irreversible, or only reversible with surgery. For example, teenage transgender boys who do not have access to blockers will have to go through a puberty that includes growing breasts and later in life will require surgery.

(“Get The Facts On Gender-Affirming Care,” [Human Rights Campaign](#), Accessed: 3/30/24)

On The Human Rights Campaign’s Resource On “Gender-Affirming Care” They List Surgeries Including “Top Surgery” To Make Changes To The Chest And “Bottom Surgery” To Make Changes To The Genitals. “There is no single gender-affirming surgery — nor does a person have to have any surgery, or a specific surgery, to be transgender. Gender-affirming surgery includes a wide range of procedures such as plastic surgery to change features in the face to be more typically masculine or feminine, ‘top surgery’ to make changes to the chest or torso or ‘bottom surgery’ to make changes to genitals.” (“Get The Facts On Gender-Affirming Care,” [Human Rights Campaign](#), Accessed: 3/30/24)

The Human Rights Campaign Notes That Transgender And Non-Binary Individuals Do Not Typically Have “Gender-Affirming Surgery” Before 18, Though There Have Been Exceptions Made For 16 And 17 Year Old’s. “Transgender and non-binary people typically do not have gender-affirming surgeries before the age of 18. In some rare exceptions, 16 or 17 year-olds have received gender-affirming surgeries in order to reduce the impacts of significant gender dysphoria, including anxiety, depression, and suicidality. However, this is limited to those for whom the surgery is deemed clinically necessary after discussions with both their parents and doctors, and who have been consistent and persistent in their gender identity for years, have been taking gender-affirming hormones for some time, who have undergone informed consent discussions and have approvals from both their parents and doctors, and who otherwise meet standards of care criteria (such as those laid out by WPATH).” (“Get The Facts On Gender-Affirming Care,” [Human Rights Campaign](#), Accessed: 3/30/24)

According To The AAMC, “Gender-Affirming Care” Includes Medical Interventions.

“Gender-affirming care, as defined by the World Health Organization, encompasses a range of social, psychological, behavioral, and medical interventions ‘designed to support and affirm an individual’s gender identity’ when it conflicts with the gender they were assigned at birth. The interventions help transgender people align various aspects of their lives — emotional, interpersonal, and biological — with their gender identity. As noted by the American Psychiatric Association (APA), that identity can run anywhere along a continuum that includes man, woman, a combination of those, neither of those, and fluid.” (Patrick Boyle, “What Is Gender-Affirming Care? Your Questions Answered,” [AAMC](#), 4/12/22)

According To The AAMC, Interventions For Children Include “Hormone Therapy,” Whereas Surgeries Are “Rarely” Provided To People Under 18. “The interventions fall along a continuum as well, from counseling to changes in social expression to medications (such as hormone therapy). For children in particular, the timing of the interventions is based on several factors, including cognitive and physical development as well as parental consent. Surgery, including to reduce a person’s Adam’s Apple, or to align their chest or genitalia with their gender identity, is rarely provided to people under 18.” (Patrick Boyle, “What Is Gender-Affirming Care? Your Questions Answered,” [AAMC](#), 4/12/22)